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READING FOR GRADES 3-6

Aralin 29

Pambungad

Magandang araw sa iyo, munting mambabasa! Handa ka na bang basahin ang ating kwento ngayong araw? Sabay-sabay nating basahin ang librong **“What Kids Should Know About Andres and the Katipunan”** na isinulat ni Weng D. Cahiles. Huwag mag-alala; gagabayan kita, kaibigan!

Reading for Grades 3 – 6 – Aralin 29

Book Title: What Kids Should Know About Andres and the Katipunan – PART 4

Author: Weng D. Cahiles

Source: Adarna House / Buribooks

I. Pagbati

Magandang araw! ☀️ 👩 Nandito ulit si Teach _____ upang ituloy ang pagbabasa sa 📖 What Kids Should Know About Andres And The Katipunan 📖 ni Weng D. Cahiles. Ito ay may ✍️ guhit mula kay Isa N. Natividad at nilimbag ng Adarna House at Buribooks.

II. Pangako Para sa Araling Ito 🙏📖

Bago simulan, ating bigkasin ang promise natin 🙌🙌 sa isa't-isa:

- (1) Subukang bigkasin nang dahan-dahan ang bawat linya. 🗣️
- (2) Basahin maigi at intindihin ang istorya. 📖
- (3) Wag mahihyang magtanong kay Teacher o kaya sa kahit sinong nakatatandang maaaring makatulong. 😊😊😊

! Tandaan ang inyong mga pangako!

III. 💬 TALASALITAAN

Paalala lang bago simulan, mayroon tayong mababasang malalalim na salita 📖. Kung maaari itanong kina Nanay 👩👧 o Tatay 👨👦 ang ibig sabihin ng mga sumusunod:

- (1) **Place of publication** – place where a paper is printed
- (2) **Masses (masa)** – class of people making up most of the population (ex. working masses)
- (3) **colonization** – the action or process of settling among and establishing control over the indigenous people of an area.
- (4) **pull off** – do

! Gaya kahapon, English ulit ang mga salita, kaya't wag mahihiyang magtanong kung hindi naiintindihan. 🙌

IV. 📖 WHAT KIDS SHOULD KNOW ABOUT ANDRES AND THE KATIPUNAN – PART 4 NI WENG D. CAHILES

Bigkasin natin ang kada-linya 🗨️

— A NEWSPAPER CALLED KALAYAAN

- 🔵 Two Filipinos: Candido Iban and Francisco del Castillo won one thousand pesos in the Australian lottery. After coming back to the Philippines and joining the Katipunan, they noticed that all of the important forms and documents were handwritten and not printed.
- 🔵 So they bought a printing press from Antonio Salazar for 400 pesos. They transferred it to Bonifacio's house and went back to their hometown in Kalibo, Capiz to spread the revolution there.
- 🔵 Katipunan decided that Dr. Pio Valenzuela would take charge of the press and would come out with a monthly paper. He then got help to manage the press – Ulpiano Fernandez and Faustino Duque from Polo, Bulacan.
- 🔵 The Kalayaan- was the official newspaper of the Katipunan. The name was suggested by Dr. Pio Valenzuela. It was approved by Jacinto and Bonifacio.
- 🔵 Through the paper, the Filipinos became aware of the principles of the society. It was very important in increasing the society's membership. After the release of its first issue, membership went up to 30,000.
- 🔵 To mislead Spaniards, it was agreed that Marcelo H. del Pilar would be cited as the paper's editor even if Jacinto was the real editor.
- 🔵 The Katipunan also decided to put Yokohama as the paper's place of publication. This proved to be very effective! Even the Governor- General Ramon Blanco thought the paper was being printed by the Filipino colony in Yokohama, Japan!

★ IMPORTANT KATIPUNAN DOCUMENTS

! Sa May Nasang Makisanib sa Katipunang Ito was written by the youngest Katipunan member, Emilio Jacinto.

! He was only eighteen years old when he joined the Katipunan. Regarded as “The Brains of the Katipunan,” Jacinto’s work states what must be followed by those who wish to be a Katipunan member.

! Jacinto came from a very poor family. Though they were poor, Jacinto was a very dedicated student. He graduated from San Juan de Letran and pursued a law degree from the University of Santo Tomas.

! His simple background can be seen in his writings. He encouraged love for the country through his powerful work by using a language that was understood by the masses.

! He was able to evoke feelings of nationalism, freedom, and democracy through his work. His writing shone because of his great understanding of Tagalog. His writing was so good that many thought he was really Marcelo H. del Pilar who was editing Kalayaan!

! Part of Sa May Nasang Makisanib sa Katipunang Ito was Mga Aral ng Katipunan ng mga A.N.B., which served as the society’s rules and principles. Also known as the Kartilya.

! The Kartilya is a guide to how a Katipunero should behave. It emphasizes that in order to fight for the country’s freedom, one must be good-natured and honorable.

! According to the Kartilya, a Katipunero must be ready to sacrifice his life to achieve the goals of the society. He had to respect everyone regardless of their race, standing in life, and gender. He needed to acknowledge the importance of women in the society and help defend those who are in need.

! The Supremo wrote another very important document that was published in the first issue of Kalayaan. His essay, Ang Dapat Mabatid ng mga Tagalog, contained an accurate description of the condition of the country before the Spaniards came.

! Bonifacio explained that the history of the country could be described as “Liwanag, Dilim, Liwanag.” The period before Spanish colonization was a period of “liwanag” because the people enjoyed prosperity and abundance.

! When the colonization started, the period of “dilim” began. It signaled the start of treachery, slavery, and hunger under the Spanish rule. Out of this darkness would come a new period of “liwanag” if the Filipinos learned to stand up and fight for their freedom.

✖ DID THE KATIPUNAN HAVE WOMEN MEMBERS?

👩 ♀ Women were officially welcomed to the Katipunan in the year 1893. At first, membership was opened only to the wives, sisters, and daughters of Katipunan members.

👩 ♀ The women helped wounded Katipuneros, took care of important documents and weapons, served as secretaries, bought the materials needed in making gunpowder, and fought in the battlefield. The Katipuneras also took arms and led actual battles.

👩 ♀ General Gregoria Montoya led the Battle of Calero Bridge, Trinidad Tecson led the battles in Bulacan, Marcela Marcelo also known as “Selang Bagsik” fought in Cavite, Agueda Kahabagan fought in Laguna, and Teresa Magbanua or “Nay Isa” was popular in Iloilo.

👩 ♀ One role they performed really well was distracting Spanish officials during secret meetings of the Katipunan.

👩 ♀ While the men discuss important matters of the revolution, the women would dance and sing in the sala to prevent authorities from getting suspicious. Only the Katipuneras could pull off a stunt like that!

✂️ GREGORIA DE JESUS ✂️

✂️ Gregoria didn't just fight with Spaniards, she also fought for her love Andres Bonifacio.

✂️ She met Andres when she was young, while Andres was older and a widower. Although her parents were not too happy with her decision since she was young, she proved herself by writing to the gobernadorcillo of Binondo. She also wrote to the Civil Governor of Manila to request permission to marry Andres.

✂️ In the end, they got married twice, in the Catholic Church and another in the Katipunan.

✂️ She was known as Lakambini. She was a keeper of papers, seals, weapons and other important belongings of Katipunan. She also accompanied Katipuneros in battle and even fought along their side.

✂️ MARINA DIZON y BARTOLOME ✂️

✂️ A cousin of Emilio Jacinto and a daughter of one of the thirteen martyrs of Manila who was killed by the Spanish Authorities.

✂️ She was an active member of Katipunan who took charge of initiation rites for women.

✂She also kept records and taught new members about the teachings and ways of the Katipunan. She led in entertaining Spaniards while the men were in secret meetings.

✂TRINIDAD RIZAL✂

✂She was the second to the youngest sibling of Rizal. When she and her mother visited Rizal in prison. Rizal gave her an alcohol gas stove which had a copy of what is now known as "Mi Ultimo Adios" (Ang Huling Paalam).

✂She, with Josephine Bracken, went to Cavite to serve as Katipunan members.

✂JOSEFA RIZAL y ALONZO✂

✂She was another sibling of Rizal. She was known to be good in languages and knew how to speak French because of Jose's Training.

✂She became a Katipunera, same day as the Katipunan marriage of Gregoria and Andres. She was also the first president of the women's Katipunan Chapter.

✂ANGELICA LOPEZ RIZAL ABREU✂

✂She served as a courier for the Katipunan, delivering messages and important documents to Katipuneros.

✂She was elected as fiscal in the elections of the first women's chapter. She also served as a sub-treasurer under General Aguinaldo's leadership.

✂JOSEPHINE BRACKEN✂

✂Known in history as Rizal's last love, Josephine Bracken became a member of the Katipunan three days after Rizal's execution, together with Trinidad Rizal. Josephine assisted in nursing the wounded Katipuneros during the battles in Cavite.

V. Gawain ➡

Nagustuhan mo ba ang What Kids Should Know About Andres Bonifacio Part 4? Ating balikan ang kwento!

🔵 Ang Katipunan ay may dyaryong tinawag na Ang Kalayaan, sino ang editor nito sa papel at ang tunay na editor nito?

🔵 Ayon sa Kartilya, ano ang dapat ugaliin at isabuhay ng isang Katipunero?

🔵 Sino ang Katipunera na binigyan ni Rizal ng kopya ng Mi Ultimo Adios?

VI. Pagnilayan 🙏🏠

Bago matapos ang aralin, ating pag-isipan 😞😞 ang tanong na ito: Bakit kailangang kilalanin ang kahalagahan ng kababaihan sa lipunan?

- ✓ Lahat ay pinanganak na malaya at pantay-pantay. Iyan ay nakasulat sa Universal Declaration of Human Rights ng United Nations.
- ✓ Ibig sabihin, wala sa kasarian ang kahalagahan ng isang tao.
- ✓ Mahalagang bigyang pansin ang kahalagahan ng bawat isa sa lipunan nang hindi tumitingin sa kasarian, dahil lahat tayo ay may kanya-kanyang kakayahan upang mapabuti ang ating mundong ginagalawan.
- ✓ Kaya't dapat nating alisin ang isipan na mas magaling ang isang kasarian kaysa sa isa. Dahil sa huli'y, pare-pareho lang tayong tao.

Mga Sagot sa Gawain at Pagtatapos

VII. Sagot sa Gawain 🗣️

👉 Nakasulat sa Ang Kalayaan na si Marcelo H. Del Pilar ang editor nito, ngunit si Emilio Jacinto ang tunay na editor ng papel. Ikaw, magaling ka bang magsulat?

- 👉 (1) Siya ay dapat handang magsakripisyo ng buhay para sa bayan,
(2) Respetuhin ang lahat anuman ang lahi, katayuan sa buhay, o kasarian,
(3) Kilalanin ang kahalagahan ng kababaihan sa lipunan, at
(4) Ipagtanggol ang nangangailangan.

👉 Ito ay binigay ni Rizal sa kanyang kapatid na si Trinidad.

VIII. Pagtatapos ✓

Natapos din natin!! Good job! 👍

Mayroon bang parte ng lesson na nahirapan 😞 o naguluhan? Meron bang gustong i-share tungkol sa istorya? Magmessage lamang at i-mention si Teach. Maaari ring magsend ng PM o private message 💬 kay Teach!

Maraming salamat! 🙌🙌

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This story was published by Adarna House.
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